

LONG ESSAY QUESTION RUBRIC (6 points)

<p>A. THESIS (0-1 point)</p>	<p>The essay states a thesis that directly addresses all parts of the question.</p>	<p>The thesis must do more than restate the question and must consist of one or more sentences all in the same place, either in the introduction or the conclusion.</p>
<p>B. CONTEXTUALIZATION (0-1 point)</p>	<p>The essay describes a broader historical context relevant to the question.</p>	<p>The essay must clearly frame the topic within the context of the history surrounding it. A phrase or reference is not enough to earn the point.</p>
<p>C. EVIDENCE (0-2 points)</p>	<p>1 point OR 2 points</p> <p>The essay provides examples of evidence relevant to the topic of the question.</p>	<p>The essay supports an argument in response to the question using specific and relevant examples of evidence.</p> <p>For one point, the essay must identify specific historical examples of evidence relevant to the topic of the question.</p> <p>For two points, the essay must use specific historical evidence to support an argument in response to the question.</p>
<p>D. ANALYSIS AND REASONING (0-2 points)</p>	<p>1 point OR 2 points</p> <p>The essay uses historical thinking skills (comparison, causation, change over time) to frame an argument that addresses the question.</p>	<p>The essay demonstrates a complex understanding of the historical development of the question. The evidence provided must support an argument that addresses the question.</p> <p>For one point, the essay must demonstrate the use of historical reasoning to frame an argument, although the reasoning might be uneven or incomplete.</p> <p>For two points, the essay must demonstrate a complex understanding of the topic. A complex understanding may be demonstrated in a number of ways, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analyzing multiple variables that affect the issue addressed in the prompt • Explaining both similarity and difference, or explaining both continuity and change, or explaining multiple cases, or explaining both cause and effect • Explaining relevant connections within and across periods • Confirming the validity of an argument by corroborating multiple perspectives across themes • Qualifying or modifying an argument by considering diverse or alternative views or evidence.